

ALMOND HILL JUNIOR SCHOOL MEDIUM TERM PLAN

TOPIC TITLE/SUBJECT: I am learning French

Vocabulary

Bonjour, ça va? = Hello, how are you?

Ca va bien = I am fine

Ca va mal = I am not very well

Comme ci, comme ça = So, so!

Au revoir = Goodbye

Comment tu t'appelles? = What is your name?

Je m'appelle... = My name is...

rouge = red **bleu** = blue **jaune** = yellow **vert** = green **noir** = black, **blanc** = white, **gris** = grey, **orange** = orange, **violet** = purple *marron* = brown

Un = One Deux = Two Trois = Three Quatre = Four Cing = Five Six = Six, Sept = Seven Huit = Eight Neuf = Nine Dix = Ten

Skills/Learning Objectives

YEAR GROUP: 3

- Locate France and other French speaking countries on a map of the world
- Ask and respond to the question 'How are you?' in French
- Rehearse basic greetings such as 'Hello' and 'Goodbye' in French
- Count to 10 in French
- Recognise and repeat 10 colours in French

What we already know

TERM: Autumn

- Languages are not taught discretely in KS1
- Children may have some experience with answering the register, greetings, colours, numbers and an 'inspirational day'
- Some children may have visited France
- Some children may not have English as a first language

Other/Cross Curricular Links with English/Maths Integral part of introductory topic to Almond Hill **Cultural links**

Identify the National Flag

Illustration

lesson



Application/Outcomes

- Locate France, Paris and other locations in atlas/map
- Reference in daily classroom practice e.g. colours, numbers, greetings

- Flashcards on display centrally in the classroom for children to access throughout any
- Each lesson has differentiated activities with more/less scaffolded support
- Children should work in mixed attaining partners sometimes
- Teacher/teaching assistant can take a guided group to focus learning

Grammar/Phonics/Pronunciation/Spelling

- The 's' in gris, 't' in vert and violet, 'c' in blanc, 'x' in deux and the 's' in trois are silent.
- the French 'r' sound as seen in noir, orange, gris, marron, vert, rouge, trois & quatre. Made from the back of the mouth, not the front.
- Dropping of the last letter of a word (in this case the 'e' in me) and replacing it with an apostrophe, and attaching it to the word that follows, which begins with a vowel or mute h. This is to aid pronunciation.
- OI sound in trois & noir
- ON sound in marron
- OU sound in rouge