

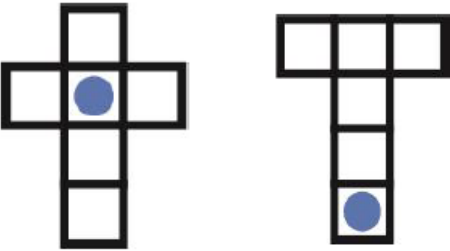


ALMOND HILL JUNIOR SCHOOL MEDIUM TERM PLAN

TOPIC TITLE: 3D shapes from 2D representations (5LS24)

YEAR GROUP: 5

TERM: Spring 2

<p>Vocabulary</p> <p>2D 3D Shape Net Cube Cuboid Square Rectangle Sides Edges Vertex</p> <p>Faces Fold</p>	<p>Skills</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Use vocabulary accurately to describe the properties of 3D shapes including cubes and cuboids• Draw nets to represent 3D shapes• Select nets which, when folded, will give rise to specific 3D shapes• Correctly orientate a pattern to the face of a net to reflect an equivalent 3D shape	<p>What we already know</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Recognise and name common 2D and 3D shapes (including cubes and cuboids)• Describe the properties of 3-D shapes including edges, faces and vertices• Identify 2-D shapes on the surface of 3-D shapes• Make 3-D shapes using modelling materials
<p>Illustration</p> 	<p>Application/ Outcomes</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Drawn sketches to show 2D representations of 3D shapes• Verbal discussions about the 2D/3D shapes	<p>Concepts</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• A 3D shape is made of faces that are 2D shapes• A cube is a special type of cuboid• A cuboid has six faces, eight vertices and 12 edges• Nets show how a 3D shape could be displayed if it were 'unfolded'• The orientation of a pattern on a net will affect how it is presented on the 3D shape.