

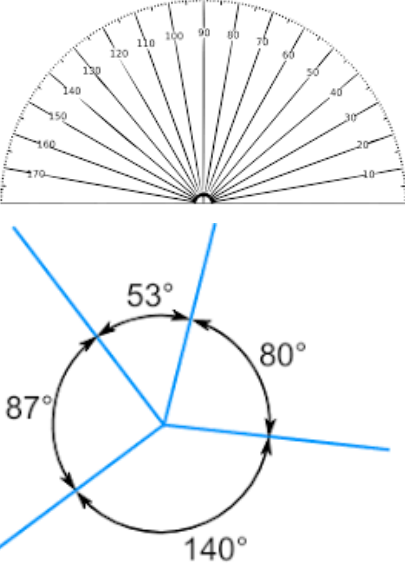


ALMOND HILL JUNIOR SCHOOL MEDIUM TERM PLAN

TOPIC TITLE: Angles (LS27 and LS28)

YEAR GROUP: 5

TERM: Spring 2

<p>Vocabulary</p> <p>angle compare acute protractor obtuse full turn reflex straight line degrees estimate measure order</p>	<p>Skills</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Name, compare and order acute, obtuse and reflex angles• Know angles are measured in degrees• Estimate angles• Measure angles accurately using a protractor• Construct angles correctly using a protractor• Find missing angles in a straight line using known facts• Find missing angles in a full turn using known facts	<p>What we already know</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Recognising right angles – two of these make a half turn• Identifying angles which are greater or less than a right angle• Classifying angles as obtuse or acute, comparing and ordering angles by size
<p>Illustration</p>  <p>The illustration consists of two parts. The top part shows a semi-circular protractor with degree markings from 0 to 180. The bottom part shows a circle with four rays extending from its center. The angles between these rays are labeled: 53°, 80°, 87°, and 140°.</p>	<p>Application/ Outcomes</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Estimating angles and checking by measuring• Use of protractor• Verbal discussions to articulate the comparing and ordering of angles• Worded and multi-step problems	<p>Concepts</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Acute angles are less than 90 degrees• Right angles are exactly 90 degrees• Obtuse angles are between 90 and 180 degrees• Reflex angles are greater than 180 degrees• The angles in a full turn around a point total 360 degrees• Angles at a point on a straight line (and in two half turns) sum to 180 degrees